

Telescoping and Straight Portable Conveyor

Operators Manual

MAYO MANUFACTURING, INC. LIMITED WARRANTY

THE FOLLOWING WARRANTIES FOR MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT OR PARTS SOLD BY MAYO MANU-FACTURING, INC. ARE IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, OR THOSE WARRANTIES IMPOSED BY STATUE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY AND ALL IMPLIED WAR-RANTIES OR MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND OF ANY AND ALL OTHER WARRANTY OBLIGATIONS ON THE PART OF MAYO MANUFACTURING, INC. (The Company).

The Company warrants the machinery, equipment or parts delivered against faulty workmanship or the use of parts delivered against faulty workmanship or the use of defective materials for a period of one (1) year from the date of shipment.

The Company's warranties set forth above are the only warranties made by the Company and shall not be enlarged, diminished or affected by, and no obligation or liability shall arise out of the Company's rendering technical or other advice or service in connection with the machinery, equipment or parts.

Parts or components furnished to the Company by third persons are guaranteed only to the extent of the original manufacturer's guarantee to the Company, a copy of which will be supplied to the Purchaser upon written request to the Company.

LIABILITY

THE COMPANY'S SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE MAXIMUM LIABILITY, AND PURCHASER'S SOLE AND EXCLU-SIVE REMEDY under the above warranty shall be, at the Company's option, the repair, or replacement of the machine, equipment or part which is found to be defective due to faulty workmanship or defective materials, and is returned by the Purchaser to the Company within the warranty period. Shipment both ways and in transit damage shall be at the purchaser's risk and expense. If the Company elects to repair or replace the machine, equipment, or part, the Company will have a reasonable time within which to do so.

The remedies set forth above are available upon the following conditions:

- 1. Purchaser has promptly notified Company upon discovery that the machinery, equipment, or parts are defective due to faulty workmanship or defective materials; and
- 2. Purchaser provides Company with a detailed description of the deficiencies; and
- 3. Company's examination discloses that the alleged deficiencies exist and were not caused by accident, fire, misuse, neglect, alteration, or any other hazard or by Purchaser's improper installation, use or maintenance.

Such repair or replacement shall constitute fulfilment of all Company's liability to Purchaser, whether based on contract or tort.

This warranty does not apply to any machine that has been altered outside the factory in any way so as, in the judgement of Mayo, to affect its operation, reliability or safety, or which has been subject to misuse, neglect or accident.

In the event the Company breach any other provisions of the Purchase Agreement, the Company's EX-CLUSIVE MAXIMUM LIABILITY AND PURCHASER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY, whether in contract or tort, otherwise shall not in any event exceed the contract price for the particular machine, piece of equipment or parts involved.

IN NO EVENT SHALL COMPANY BE LIABLE TO ANYONE FOR SPECIAL, COLLATERAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES FOR BREACH OF ANY PROVISIONS OF THIS CONTRACT OR WAR-RANTY. SUCH EXCLUDE DAMAGES INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, costs of REMOVAL AND REINSTALLATION OF ITEMS, Loss of GOODWILL, LOSS OF PROFITS, LOSS OF USE OR INTERRUP-TION OF BUSINESS.

WARRANTY VOID IF NOT REGISTERED

ΜΑΥΟ							
STRAIGHT CONVEYOR 2000 SERIES							
WARRANTY REGISTRATION FORM & INSPECTION REPORT							
WARRANTY REGISTRATION (please print) This form must be filled out by the dealer and signed by both the dealer and the customer at the time of delivery.							
Customer's Name		Dealer	Name				
Address		Addres	Address				
City, State/Province, Code		City, S	City, State/Province, Code				
Phone Number ()		Phone	Phone Number ()				
Contact Name							
Model							
Serial Number							
Delivery Date							
DEALER INSPECTION REPORT SAFETY Tire Pressure Checked All Decals Installed Inspect Electrical System Lights, Reflectors and SMV Clean Hydraulic Hoses Free Review Operating and Lubricate Machine Safety Instructions Speed Reducer Gearbox Oil Level Checked Safety Instructions							
I have thoroughly instructed the buyer on the above described equipment which review included the Opera- tor's Manual content, equipment care, adjustments, safe operation and applicable warranty policy.							
Date Dealer's Rep. Signature							
The above equipment and Operator's Manual have been received by me and I have been thoroughly instructed as to care, adjustments, safe operation and applicable warranty policy.							
Date Owner's Signature							
	WHITE	YELLOW	PINK]			
	MAYO MFG., INC	DEALER	CUSTOMER				

SERIAL NUMBER LOCATION

Always give your dealer the serial number of your Mayo Straight Conveyor when ordering parts or requesting service or other information.

The serial number plate is located where indicated. Please mark the number in the space provided for easy reference.



SERIAL NUMBER LOCATION

Model

Serial Number _____

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1 INTRODUCTION

Congratulations on your choice of a Mayo Model 2000 Series Straight Conveyor and welcome to Mayo's quality line of potato handling equipment. This equipment is designed and manufactured to meet the needs of a discriminating buyer in the agricultural industry for the loading, unloading, processing and storing of harvest yields.

Safe, efficient and trouble free operation of your new Mayo Conveyor requires that you, and anyone else who will be operating or maintaining the Conveyor, read, understand and practice ALL of the Safety, Operation, Maintenance and Trouble Shooting recommendations contained within this Operator's Manual.



This manual applies to all Model 2100 Series Straight and Telescoping Conveyors manufactured by Mayo. Certain options may be available to specifically tailor the Conveyor to your operation and may not be included in this manual. Please contact the manufacturer regarding additional information about these options. Use the Table of Contents and Index as a guide to find specific information.

Keep this manual handy for frequent reference and so that it will be passed on to new operators or owners. Call your Mayo dealer if you need assistance, information or additional copies of this manual.

MACHINE ORIENTATION - The hopper end of the Conveyor is the front. All electrical controls are on the left side.

2 SAFETY

SAFETY ALERT SYMBOL

This Safety Alert symbol means ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED!



The Safety Alert symbol identifies important safety messages on your Mayo Straight Conveyor and in the manual. When you see this symbol, be alert to the possibility of personal injury or death. Follow the instructions in the safety message.

Why is SAFETY important to you?

3 Big Reasons

Accidents Disable and Kill Accidents Cost You Money Accidents Can Be Avoided

- **DANGER** Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. This signal word is to be limited to the most extreme situations, typically for machine components that, for functional purposes, cannot be guarded.
- **WARNING** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury, and includes hazards that are exposed when guards are removed. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.
- CAUTION Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

If you have any questions not answered in this manual or require additional copies or the manual is damaged, please contact your dealer or Mayo, P.O. Box 497, Bus Highway 2, East Grand Forks, Minnesota, 56721. (Tel-ephone) 218-773-1234, (FAX) 218-773-6693 or toll free at 1-800-223-5873.

SIGNAL WORDS:

Note the use of the signal words **DANGER**, **WARNING** and **CAUTION** with the safety messages. The appropriate signal word for each message has been selected using the following guide-lines:

SAFETY

YOU are responsible for the **SAFE** operation and maintenance of your Mayo Straight Conveyor. **YOU** must ensure that you and anyone else who is going to operate, maintain or work around the Conveyor be familiar with the operating and maintenance procedures and related **SAFETY** information contained in this manual. This manual will take you step-by-step through your working day and alerts you to all good safety practices while operating the Conveyor.

Remember, **YOU** are the key to safety. Good safety practices not only protect you but, also the people around you. Make these practices a working part of your safety program. Be certain that **EVERYONE** operating this machine is familiar with the procedures recommended and follows safety precautions. Remember, most accidents can be prevented. Do not risk injury or death by ignoring good safety practices.

- Conveyor owners must give operating instructions to operators or employees before allowing them to operate the Conveyor, and at least annually thereafter.
- The most important safety device on this equipment is a SAFE operator. It is the operator's responsibility to read and understand ALL Safety and Operating instructions in the manual and to follow these. Most accidents can be avoided.
- A person who has not read and understood all operating and safety instructions is not qualified to operate this machine. An untrained operator exposes himself and bystanders to possible serious injury or death.
- Do not modify the equipment in any way. Unauthorized modification may impair the function and/or safety and could affect the life of the equipment.
- Think SAFETY! Work SAFELY!

2.1 GENERAL SAFETY

1. Read and understand the Operator's Manual and all & safety signs before supplying power, operating, maintaining or adjusting equipment.



- 2. Only trained, competent persons shall operate the equipment . An untrained operator is not qualified to operate this machine.
- 3. Provide a first-aid kit for use in case of an accident. Store in a highly visible place.
- Provide a fire extinguisher for use in case of an accident. Store in a highly visible place.
- 5. Install and properly secure all guards and shields before operating.
- 6. Wear appropriate protective gear. This list includes but is not limited to:
 - Protective shoes with slip resistant soles
 - Protective glasses or goggles
 - Heavy gloves
 - Hearing
 - protection



- 7. Turn machine OFF, shut down and lockout power supply and wait for all moving parts to stop before servicing, adjusting, maintaining, repairing or cleaning. (Safety lockout devices are available through your Mayo dealer parts department).
- 8. Know the emergency medical center number for your area.
- 9. Review safety related items with all operators annually.

2.2 EQUIPMENT SAFETY GUIDELINES

- Safety of the operator and bystanders is one of the main concerns in designing and developing a machine. However, every year many accidents occur which could have been avoided by a few seconds of thought and a more careful approach to handling equipment. You, the operator, can avoid many accidents by observing the following precautions in this section. To avoid personal injury or death, study the following precautions and insist those working with you, or for you, follow them.
- 2. In order to provide a better view, certain photographs or illustrations in this manual may show an assembly with a safety shield removed. However, equipment should never be operated in this condition. Keep all shields in place. If shield removal becomes necessary for repairs, replace the shield prior to use.
- 3. Replace any safety sign or instruction sign that is not readable or is missing. Location of such safety signs is indicated in this manual.
- 4. Never use alcoholic beverages or drugs which can hinder alertness or coordination while operating this equipment. Consult your doctor about operating this machine while taking prescription medications.
- 5. Under no circumstances should young children be allowed to work with this equipment. Do not allow persons to operate or assemble this unit until they have read this manual and have developed a thorough understanding of the safety precautions and of how it works. Review the safety instructions with all users annually.
- 6. This equipment is dangerous to children and persons unfamiliar with its operation. The operator should be a responsible, properly trained and physically able person familiar with farm machinery and trained in this equipment's operations. If the elderly are assisting with farm work, their physical limitations need to be recognized and accommodated.
- 7. Never exceed the limits of a piece of machinery. If its ability to do a job, or to do so safely, is in question **DON'T TRY IT.**

- 8. Do not modify the equipment in any way. Unauthorized modification result in serious injury or death and may impair the function and life of the equipment.
- 9. In addition to the design and configuration of this implement, including Safety Signs and Safety Equipment, hazard control and accident prevention are dependent upon the awareness, concern, prudence, and proper training of personnel involved in the operation, transport, maintenance, and storage of the machine. Refer also to Safety Messages and operation instruction in each of the appropriate sections of the auxiliary equipment and machine Manuals. Pay close attention to the Safety Signs affixed to the auxiliary equipment and the machine.

2.3 STORAGE SAFETY

- 1. Store the Straight Conveyor on a firm level surface.
- 2. If required, make sure the unit is firmly blocked up.
- 3. Make certain that all mechanical locks are safely and positively connected before storing.
- 4. Store away from areas of human activity.
- 5. Do not allow children to play on or around the stored Conveyor.
- 6. Lock out power by turning off master control panel or junction box and padlocking the door shut to prevent electrocution or unauthorized start up of the Conveyor.

2.4 SAFETY TRAINING

- Safety is a primary concern in the design and manufacture of our products. Unfortunately, our efforts to provide safe equipment can be wiped out by a single careless act of an operator or bystander.
- 2. In addition to the design and configuration of equipment, hazard control and accident prevention are dependent upon the awareness, concern, prudence and proper training of personnel involved in the operation, transport, maintenance and storage of this equipment.
- It has been said, "The best safety feature is an informed, careful operator." We ask you to be that kind of an operator. It is the



operator's responsibility to read and understand ALL Safety and Operating instructions in the manual and to follow these. Accidents can be avoided.

- 4. Working with unfamiliar equipment can lead to careless injuries. Read this manual, and the manual for your auxiliary equipment, before assembly or operating, to acquaint yourself with the machines. If this machine is used by any person other than yourself. It is the machine owner's responsibility to make certain that the operator, prior to operating:
 - a. Reads and understands the operator's manuals.
 - b. Is instructed in safe and proper use.
- 5. Know your controls and how to stop pilers, conveyors and any other auxiliary equipment quickly in an emergency. Read this manual and the one provided with your other equipment.
- 6. Train all new personnel and review instructions frequently with existing workers. Be certain only a properly trained and physically able person will operate the machinery. A person who has not read and understood all operating and safety instructions is not qualified to operate the machine. An untrained operator exposes himself and bystanders to possible serious injury or death. If the elderly are assisting with farm work, their physical limitations need to be recognized and accommodated.

2.5 SAFETY SIGNS

- 1. Keep safety signs clean and legible at all times.
- 2. Replace safety signs that are missing or have become illegible.
- 3. Replaced parts that displayed a safety sign should also display the current sign.
- 4. Safety signs are available from your authorized Distributor or Dealer Parts Department or the factory.

How to Install Safety Signs:

- Be sure that the installation area is clean and dry.
- Be sure temperature is above 50°F (10°C).
- Determine exact position before you remove the backing paper. (See Section 3).
- Remove the smallest portion of the split backing paper.
- Align the sign over the specified area and carefully press the small portion with the exposed sticky backing in place.
- Slowly peel back the remaining paper and carefully smooth the remaining portion of the sign in place.
- Small air pockets can be pierced with a pin and smoothed out using the piece of sign backing paper.

2.6 PREPARATION

- Never operate the Conveyor and auxiliary equipment until you have read and completely understand this manual, the auxiliary equipment Operator's Manual, and each of the Safety Messages found on the safety signs on the Conveyor and auxiliary equipment.
- Personal protection equipment including hard hat, safety glasses, safety shoes, and gloves are recommended during assembly, installation, operation,



adjustment, maintaining, repairing, removal, or moving the implement. Do not allow long hair, loose fitting clothing or jewelry to be around equipment.

3. PROLONGED EXPOSURE TO LOUD NOISE MAY CAUSE PERMANENT HEARING LOSS!



Motors or equipment attached can often be noisy enough to cause permanent, partial hearing loss. We recommend that

you wear hearing protection on a full-time basis if the noise in the Operator's position exceeds 80db. Noise over 85db on a long-term basis can cause severe hearing loss. Noise over 90db adjacent to the Operator over a long-term basis may cause permanent, total hearing loss. **NOTE:** Hearing loss from loud noise (from tractors, chain saws, radios, and other such sources close to the ear) is cumulative over a lifetime without hope of natural recovery.

- 4. Clear working area of debris, trash or hidden obstacles that might be hooked or snagged, causing injury, damage or tripping.
- 5. Operate only in daylight or good artificial light.
- 6. Be sure machine is properly anchored, adjusted and in good operating condition.
- 7. Ensure that all safety shielding and safety signs are properly installed and in good condition.
- 8. Before starting, give the machine a "once over" for any loose bolts, worn parts, cracks, leaks, frayed belts and make necessary repairs. Always follow maintenance instructions.

2.7 INSTALLATION SAFETY

- Disconnect and remove all mechanical locks, anchor chains and any other transport devices that would hinder or prohibit the normal functioning of the Conveyor upon start up. Serious damage to the machine and/or personal injury to the operator and bystanders may result from attempting to operate the machine while mechanical locking devices are still attached.
- 2. Position the machine on firm, level ground before operating.
- 3. Extend leg ratchets to level the frame before loading. Use a level to be sure.
- 4. Have at least one extra person available to assist when elevating, moving or connecting to other equipment.
- 5. Make certain that sufficient amperage, at the proper voltage and frequency (60Hz) is available before connecting power. If you are uncertain, have a licensed electrician provide power to the machine.
- 6. If using Conveyor as part of material handling system, anchor securely to other equipment before starting.

2.8 LOCK-OUT TAG-OUT SAFETY

- 1. Establish a formal Lock-Out Tag-Out program for your operation.
- 2. Train all operators and service personnel before allowing them to work around the Conveyor.
- 3. Provide tags at the work site and a sign-up sheet to record tag out details.
- 4. Do not service or maintain the Conveyor unless motors are OFF and the power locked out at the master panel. Keep others away.

2.9 OPERATING SAFETY

- 1. Read and understand the Operator's Manual and all safety signs before operating, maintaining, adjusting or repairing the Conveyor.
- 2. Turn machine OFF, shut down and lock out power supply (safety lockout devices are available through your Mayo dealer parts department), relieve hydraulic pressure and wait for all moving parts to stop before servicing, adjusting, maintaining or repairing.
- 3. Install and properly secure all guards and shields before operating.
- 4. Keep hands, feet, hair and clothing away from all moving parts.
- 5. Clear the area of bystanders, especially small children, before starting.
- 6. Make sure all control switches are in the off position before connecting power supply.
- 7. Extend leg ratchets to level the frame before using.
- Before supplying electrical power to the machine, be sure that you have adequate amperage at the proper phase and voltage to run it. If you do not know or are unsure, consult a licensed electrician.
- 9. Before applying pressure to the hydraulic system, make sure all components are tight and that all steel lines, hoses and couplings are not damaged.
- 10. Keep the working area clean and dry.
- 11. Review safety instructions annually.

2.10 MAINTENANCE SAFETY

- 1. Read and understand all the information contained in the Operator's Manual regarding operating, servicing, adjusting, maintaining and repairing.
- Turn machine OFF, shut down and lock out power supply (safety lockout devices are available through your Mayo dealer parts department), relieve hydraulic pressure and wait for all moving parts to stop before servicing, adjusting, maintaining or repairing.
- 3. Exercise extreme caution when working around, or with, high-pressure hydraulic systems. Depressurize the system before working on it.
- 4. Follow good shop practices:
 - Keep service area clean and dry.
 - Be sure electrical outlets and tools are properly grounded.



- Use adequate light for the job at hand.
- 5. Wear heavy gloves and eye protection when searching for suspected hydraulic leaks. Use a piece of wood or cardboard as a backstop instead of hand to isolate and identify a leak. A high pressure concentrated stream of hydraulic fluid can pierce the skin. If such happens, seek immediate medical attention as infection and toxic reaction could develop.
- 6. Make sure all guards and doors are in place and properly secured when operating the Conveyor.
- A fire extinguisher and first aid kit should be kept readily accessible while performing maintenance on this equipment.



- 8. Periodically tighten all bolts, nuts and screws and check that all cotter pins are properly installed to ensure unit is in a safe condition.
- 9. When completing a maintenance or service function, make sure all safety shields and devices are installed before placing unit in service.
- 10. Do not work on Conveyor electrical system unless the power cord is unplugged or the power supply is locked out. Lock-out tag-out power source before performing any maintenance work.



2.11 HYDRAULIC SAFETY

- 1. Make sure that all the components in the pump system are kept in good condition and are clean.
- 2. Before applying pressure to the system, make sure all components are tight, and that lines, hoses and couplings are not damaged.
- 3. Do not attempt any makeshift repairs to the hydraulic lines, fittings or hoses by using tapes, clamps or cements. The hydraulic system operates under extremely high pressure. Such repairs will fail suddenly and create a hazardous and unsafe condition.
- 4. Wear proper hand and eye protection when searching for a high pressure hydraulic leak. Use a piece of wood or cardboard as a backstop instead of hands to isolate and identify a leak.





5. If injured by a concentrated high-pressure stream of hy-

draulic fluid, seek medical attention immediately. Serious infection or toxic reaction can develop from hydraulic fluid piercing the skin surface.

2.12 ELECTRICAL SAFETY

- 1. Have only a qualified licensed electrician supply power.
- 2. Make certain that the Conveyor is properly grounded at the power source.
- 3. Make certain that all electrical switches are in the OFF position before plugging the Conveyor in.
- 4. Turn machine OFF, shut down and lock out power supply (safety lockout devices are available through your Mayo dealer parts department), relieve hydraulic pressure and wait for all moving parts to stop before servicing, adjusting, maintaining or repairing.
- 5. Disconnect power before resetting any motor or breaker overload.
- 6. Replace any damaged electrical plugs, cords, switches and components immediately.
- 7. Do not work on Conveyor electrical system unless the power cord is unplugged or the power supply is locked-out tagged-out.

2.13 TIRE SAFETY

- 1. Inflate tires to proper pressure as specified on the side wall of each tire. Do not overinflate or underinflate.
- 2. Failure to follow proper procedures when mounting a tire on a wheel or rim can produce an explosion which may result in serious injury or death.
- 3. Do not attempt to mount a tire unless you have the proper equipment and experience to do the job.
- 4. Have a qualified tire dealer or repair service perform required tire maintenance.

2.14 TRANSPORT SAFETY

- 1. Make certain that you are in compliance with local, state/provincial and federal regulations regarding transporting agricultural equipment on public roadways.
- 2. Make certain that all wheels and tires are in good repair and that tires are inflated to proper pressure. Do not underinflate or overinflate.
- 3. Make certain that all wheel bolts/lug nuts are tightened to proper torque specifications (refer to specification chart in Section 7.2).
- 4. Fully retract all telescoping Conveyor section and secure before transporting.
- 5. Make certain that all mechanical locks and integral anchor chains are safely and positively connected before loading or transporting.
- 6. Raise and secure all jack stands if applicable.
- 7. Wrap up and bind to the frame all loose hydraulic and electrical ends.
- 8. Be sure that any necessary SMV (slow moving vehicle) signs, reflectors and lights required by law are in proper place and are clearly visible to oncoming and overtaking traffic.
- 9. Be sure that the Conveyor is positively hitched to the towing vehicle. Use a safety chain to assure a safe hitch hook-up when transporting.
- 10. Adhere to local regulations regarding maximum weight, width and length.
- 11. Do not exceed 15 MPH (25 Km/H). Reduce speed on rough roads and surfaces.
- 12. Do not allow anyone to ride on the Conveyor or towing vehicle during transport.
- 13. Always use hazard flashers on the towing vehicle when transporting.

2.15 EMPLOYEE SIGN-OFF FORM

Mayo Manufacturing, Inc. follows the general Safety Standards specified by the American Society of Agricultural and Biological Engineers (ASABE) and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). Anyone who will be operating and/or maintaining a Mayo built machine must read and clearly understand ALL Safety, Operating and Maintenance information presented in this manual.

Do not operate or allow anyone else to operate this equipment until such information has been reviewed. Annually review this information before the season start-up.

Make these periodic reviews of SAFETY and OPERATION a standard practice for all of your equipment. We feel that an untrained operator is unqualified to operate this machine.

A sign-off sheet is provided for your record keeping to show that all personnel who will be working with the equipment have read and understand the information in the Operator's Manual and have been instructed in the operation of the equipment.

DATE	EMPLOYEES SIGNATURE	EMPLOYERS SIGNATURE

SIGN-OFF FORM

3 SAFETY SIGN LOCATIONS

The types of safety signs and locations on the equipment are shown in the illustrations that follow. Good safety requires that you familiarize yourself with the various Safety Signs, the type of warning and the area, or particular function related to that area, that requires your SAFETY AWARENESS.

Think SAFETY! Work SAFELY!



В







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Think SAFETY! Work SAFELY!





REMEMBER - If Safety Signs have been damaged, removed, become illegible or parts replaced without safety signs, new signs must be applied. New safety signs are available from your authorized dealer.

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4 OPERATION

OPERATING SAFETY

- Read and understand the Operator's Manual and all safety signs before operating, maintaining, adjusting or repairing the Conveyor.
- Turn machine OFF, shut down and lock out power supply (safety lockout devices are available through your Mayo dealer parts department), relieve hydraulic pressure and wait for all moving parts to stop before servicing, adjusting, maintaining or repairing.
- Install and properly secure all guards and shields before operating.
- Keep hands, feet, hair and clothing away from all moving parts.
- Clear the area of bystanders, especially small children, before starting.

- Make sure all control switches are in the off position before connecting power supply.
- Extend leg ratchets to level the frame before using.
- Before supplying electrical power to the machine, be sure that you have adequate amperage at the proper phase and voltage to run it. If you do not know or are unsure, consult a licensed electrician.
- Before applying pressure to the hydraulic system, make sure all components are tight and that all steel lines, hoses and couplings are not damaged.
- Keep the working area clean and dry.
- Review safety instructions annually.

4.1 TO THE NEW OPERATOR OR OWNER

The Mayo Manufacturing Straight or Telescoping Conveyor is designed to be used as a stand alone unit or part of a system to convey potatoes from one location to another. Be familiar with the machine before starting.

It is the responsibility of the owner or operator to read this manual and to train all other operators before they start working with the machine. Follow all safety instructions exactly. Safety is everyone's business. By following recommended procedures, a safe working environment is provided for the operator, bystanders and the area around the worksite. Untrained operators are not qualified to operate the machine. Many features incorporated into this machine are the result of suggestions made by customers like you. Read this manual carefully to learn how to operate the machine safely and how to set it to provide maximum efficiency. By following the operating instructions in conjunction with a good maintenance program, your Straight or Telescoping Conveyor will provide many years of trouble-free service.

4.2 MACHINE COMPONENTS

The Mayo Manufacturing Straight or Telescoping Conveyor is designed with one or two belted or chain conveyors to move potatoes. Each conveyor is powered by an electric motor through a speed-reducing gear box. All controls are mounted on the left side of the frame. The telescoping feature allows the frame length to change by 18 to 22 feet depending on the model.

Manual ratchet jacks are used to set the height of the machine for minimizing drop height. A frame on the intake end can be used to mount stingers for unloading trucks. An optional hitch frame on the discharge end can be used to attach the machine to other Mayo equipment.

An optional hydraulic power pack is available to provide pressurized oil for cylinders or the optional selfmover feature.





4.3 GENERAL OPERATION THEORY

Potatoes are unloaded from transport trucks into the hoppers of the stingers. Here they are carried by chain conveyors up into the hopper of the top belted mainframe conveyor. The chain conveyors are engineered to gently vibrate and rotate the potatoes to remove excess dirt.

The top belted mainframe conveyor feeds into the bottom belted mainframe conveyor, which ultimately feeds into the hopper of a bin piler, an additional conveyor or directly into a processing plant for long term storage or processing.

All hopper-to-conveyor and conveyor-to-conveyor transition points are designed for minimum drop to prevent bruising of the potatoes.

The purpose of the telescoping function is to allow for retraction of the conveyor as the attached bin piler or conveyor moves in and out of the warehouse or processing plant during the unloading operation without necessitating movement of the conveyor or transport trucks. Thus the stinger and mainframe section of the telescoping conveyor can remain stationary as the telescoping section moves in and out inside of the warehouse in conjunction with the piler.

The telescoping action between top and bottom conveyor main frames allows for adjustment between the conveyor and bin piler or additional conveyor, before the conveyor must be moved or repositioned. The adjustable length varies depending on length of machine.



FIG. 2 POSITIONED (TYPICAL)

4.4 MACHINE BREAK-IN

Although there are no operational restrictions on the Conveyor when used for the first time, it is recommended that the following mechanical items be checked:

- A. When machine is received:
 - 1. Tighten all fasteners.
 - 2. Open breather on gearboxes by turning 1/4 turn.
 - Connect power to the unit and "bump" the ON switch to momentarily run the machine. Observe the direction the conveyors move. If running in reverse, consult licensed electrician to reverse direction of the motor. (If a reversing switch is not installed).

B. After operating for 1/2 hour:

- 1. Retorque all wheel bolts.
- 2. Retorque all other fasteners and hardware.
- Check that all electrical connections are tight and cords are routed out of the way or protected.
- Check the alignment and tension of all conveyor belts/chains. Realign or tighten as required.
- 5. Check oil level in each speed reduction gear box for each drive. Top up as required.
- 6. Lubricate all grease fittings.

C. After 2, 5 and 10 hours of operation:

- 1. Check the alignment of all conveyor belts and chains. Realign as required.
- 2. Retorque all other fasteners and hardware.
- Check that all electrical connections are tight and cords are routed out of the way or protected.
- Check the alignment and tension of all conveyor belts/chains. Realign or tighten as required.
- 5. Check oil level in each speed reduction gear box for each drive. Top up as required.
- 6. Then go to the regular servicing and maintenance schedule as defined in the Maintenance Section.



FIG. 3 TIGHTEN



FIG. 4 BREATHER (TYPICAL)

4.5 PRE-OPERATION CHECKLIST

Safe and efficient operation of your new Conveyor requires that each operator reads and follows all safety precautions and operating procedures contained in this section. Performing the following pre-operation checklist is important for personal safety as well as for continued mechanical soundness and longevity of your new Mayo conveyor. The checklist should be performed before operating the conveyor and prior to each operation thereafter.

- 1. Lubricate the machine according to the schedule prescribed in the "Maintenance Section".
- 2. Insure that proper protective gear is in good repair and available for use by each operator. Make certain that each operator uses the protective gear. Protective gear includes but, is not limited to:
 - Leather gloves
 - Safety glasses or face shield
 - Full length protective clothing
 - Steel toed boots with slip resistant soles.



- 3. Check the oil level in the hydraulic reservoir as prescribed in the "Maintenance Section".
- Check for hydraulic leaks. Tighten fittings or reroute hoses as required to maintain a leak-free system.
- 5. Insure that all safety guards and shields are in good repair and securely in place.
- Check that the conveyor belt or chain is centered on the head and tail rollers. Adjust if necessary as outlined in the "Maintenance Section".
- 7. Make sure that all electrical switches are in the OFF position before supplying power.
- 8. Check that all electrical connections are tight and cords are routed out of the way or protected.
- 9. Be sure the working area is clean and dry to prevent tripping or slipping.
- 10. Check oil level in Power Pack (if so equipped). Top up as required.

4.6 CONTROLS

It is recommended that all operators review this section of the manual to familiarize themselves with the location and function of all machine controls before starting. Some machines may vary slightly due to custom features but they are similar and all controls are labelled.

1. **Operating Mode:**

This 3 position rotary switch selects the operating mode. Turn the switch full counterclockwise to operate in HAND or in the manual mode. Turn fully clockwise to place in the AUTO mode when other controls operate the system. Place in the center position to turn OFF.

2. Emergency STOP:

This red push-pull switch is the master ON/OFF switch on the panel itself and should be used as an emergency shut down switch. Push the switch in to turn all the power off. The switch will remain in unless pulled out. It must be pulled out for any of the other controls to work.

Optional Power Pack: 2.

a. Pump ON.

This green push button switch controls the power to the hydraulic pump. Depress to turn pump ON.

b. Pump OFF:

This red push button switch controls the power to the hydraulic pump. Depress to turn pump OFF.

Belt Start: C.

This green push button switch controls the power to the belt drive motor. Depress to turn motor ON.

d. Belt Stop:

This red push button switch controls the power to the belt drive motor. Depress to turn belt OFF.

e. Stinger:

This three-position rotary switch selects the Stinger operating mode. Turn the switch fully counterclockwise to operate in HAND or manual mode. Turn fully clockwise to place in AUTO mode when other controls operate the system. Center switch to turn belt OFF.



Direct



Telescoping



Optional Power Pack (Typical)

FIG. 5 CONVEYOR CONTROLS (TYPICAL)

4. Self-Mover Control:

Conveyors can be equipped with an optional selfdrive feature that allows the operator to move the conveyor slowly within the worksite. Move the control toward the wheel to engage the drive and away from the wheel to disengage. Always install the lock bracket to prevent unintended control movement. Engage the drive system and use the hydraulic valve to move the machine.



Engaged



FIG. 6 SELF-MOVER CONTROL

5. Hydraulic Controls:

These hydraulic valves control to self-mover movement and direction.

- a. Pull the left lever UP and hold to move the conveyor in a forward direction. Release the lever and the self-drive will STOP.
- b. Pull the right lever UP and hold to turn the steering wheels to the right. Push the right lever DOWN and hold to the steering wheels to the left. Observe the position of the wheels and release the lever when they have moved into the required position.



FIG. 7 HYDRAULIC CONTROLS
4.7 MACHINE PREPARATION

The machine must be properly prepared prior to using. Before starting machine, be sure that the following items are appropriate for your machine and operating requirements:

1. Power:

Have a licensed electrician provide power at the required voltage, phase and amperage for your machine. An improper source of power will cause damage to electrical components and could create an electrical hazard to the operator, workers or bystanders.

Be sure to use an extension cord of the correct specifications for the power being carried. Route the cord so that it does not interfere with the working area. Provide appropriate protection when people or equipment must go over the cord. Inspect the cord occasionally to be sure it is not damaged. Replace immediately if it is damaged.

2. Hitch:

Conveyors are equipped with a hitch for towing depending on its specifications. Hitches must be removed, retracted or hinged out of the way prior to the conveyor being used to prevent interfering with workers or adjacent equipment.



Solid



FIG. 8 HITCH



FIG. 9 OPTIONAL TRACTIVE DRIVE

3. Tractive Drive System (Optional):

Configure the optional tractive drive into its operating mode. Move the control bracket toward the wheel to engage the drive and secure with the retainer to prevent disengaging.

4. Steering:

Conveyors can be equipped with a manual steering system on the front axle unless it has an optional steer drive system. Stow the handle in its storage position.



Manual



Trydradiic Steering Og

FIG. 10 STEERING

An optional hydraulic steering system is available if the unit is designed with a source of pressurized oil. Generally a hydraulic power pack is used to provide pressurized oil.

5. Equipment Attachment:

Each customer must provide a means of supplying a steady flow of potatoes to the Conveyor. Normally this is done by using another piece of equipment such as a grader, another conveyor or stingers. When the conveyor is used as a component in a conveying system, it is recommended that it be securely attached to the adjacent piece of equipment. An optional over center clamp is available on one end to attach to another Mayo machine. Adjust the hook bolt to obtain the required position. If connecting to equipment made by other manufacturers, connect securely using a chain, straps or other means.

Disconnect the hitch and move the other equipment before repositioning or moving the Conveyor.

By securely attaching to the Bin Piler or other adjacent equipment, the adjacent equipment can move and the conveyor will move along with it without having to stop and reposition. Unlock the rear steering wheels and place chocks around the front wheels when the conveyor is positioned. Set the height of the equipment for minimal drop height to minimize bruising.



Clamp/Chain



Ball Hitch



FIG. 11 EQUIPMENT ATTACHMENT

4.8 OPERATING

OPERATING SAFETY

- Read and understand the Operator's Manual and all safety signs before operating, maintaining, adjusting or repairing the Conveyor.
- Turn machine OFF, shut down and lock out power supply (safety lockout devices are available through your Mayo dealer parts department), relieve hydraulic pressure and wait for all moving parts to stop before servicing, adjusting, maintaining or repairing.
- Install and properly secure all guards and shields before operating.
- Keep hands, feet, hair and clothing away from all moving parts.
- Clear the area of bystanders, especially small children, before starting.

- Make sure all control switches are in the off position before connecting power supply.
- Extend leg ratchets to level the frame before using.
- Before supplying electrical power to the machine, be sure that you have adequate amperage at the proper phase and voltage to run it. If you do not know or are unsure, consult a licensed electrician.
- Before applying pressure to the hydraulic system, make sure all components are tight and that all steel lines, hoses and couplings are not damaged.
- Keep the working area clean and dry.
- Review safety instructions annually.

Follow this procedure when using the Conveyor:

- 1. Review Section 4.7 Machine Preparation and follow all the instructions.
- 2. Review and follow the pre-operation checklist (See Section 4.5).
- 3. Review the location and function of all controls (See Section 4.6).



Straight



Telescoping



Working System

FIG. 12 CONVEYING SYSTEMS

4. Starting Conveyor:

- a. Clear the area of bystanders. Know where everyone is before starting.
- b. Place all controls in the OFF or neutral position.
- c. Turn the power to the machine ON at the master panel.
- d. Turn the main equipment ON that moves potatoes away from the Conveyor.
- e. Turn the rotary switch to the Hand (Manual) position to turn conveyor ON manually or AUTO to allow it to be controlled by the operating system of the straight or telescoping models.
- f. For the conveyor equipped with a hydraulic Power Pack, turn the hydraulic pump ON and then the conveyor belts.
- g. Turn the equipment ON that moves potatoes on the Conveyor.

5. Stopping Machine:

- a. Turn OFF the equipment that brings potatoes to the Conveyor.
- b. Wait until the potatoes have moved off the end of the conveyor or lower conveyor.
- c. Turn the conveyor OFF.
- d. Turn the hydraulic pump OFF.

If the machine is wired up as part of a conveying system, wait until all the potatoes have moved through the system. Then turn the system OFF.

6. Emergency STOP:

Depress the red STOP button(s) on the control panel(s) as required.



Straight



Telescoping Conveyor



Conveyor with Stinger and Hydraulic Power Pack

FIG. 13 STOP CONTROL

7. Equipment Attachment:

Each customer must provide a means of supplying a steady flow of potatoes to the Conveyor. Normally this is done by using another piece of equipment such as a grader, another conveyor or stingers. When the conveyor is used as a component in a conveying system, it is recommended that it be securely attached to the adjacent piece of equipment. An optional over center clamp is available on one end to attach to another Mayo machine. Adjust the hook bolt to obtain the required position. If connecting to equipment made by other manufacturers, connect securely using a chain, straps or other means.

Disconnect the hitch and move the other equipment before repositioning or moving the Conveyor.

By securely attaching to the Bin Piler or other adjacent equipment, the adjacent equipment can move and the conveyor will move along with it without having to stop and reposition. Unlock the rear steering wheels and place chocks around the front wheels when the conveyor is positioned. Set the height of the equipment for minimal drop height to minimize bruising.



Clamp/Chain



Ball Hitch



FIG. 14 EQUIPMENT ATTACHMENT

8. Moving:

A. Manual Steering:

The conveyor is manually steered and moved in normal conditions. To assist in the moving process, the front wheels are designed to be used for steering. To use this system, follow this procedure:

- a. Install the manual steering extension bar in its stub holder.
- b. Remove the steering axle lock pin and place in its holder.
- c. Use the extension arm to turn the wheels to the desired position.
- d. After the conveyor has been moved to its new position, straighten the wheels and install the lock pin through the steering linkage.
- e. Remove steering extension bar and place in its holder and secure with pin.
- f. Place chocks in front of and behind the hopper end tires to prevent machine movement.
- g. Secure to the adjacent pieces of equipment.

B. Hydraulic Steering (Optional):

An optional hydraulic steering system is available and is normally used in conjunction with a traction drive. Use the hydraulic valve to turn the wheels as required for the move. Disconnect the steering cylinder before installing the towing tongue.

C. Traction Drive (Optional):

An optional hydraulic traction drive is available for moving the machine. It can only be utilized when the conveyor is equipped with an optional hydraulic system. Use the hydraulic valves to direct the flow of hydraulic oil to move the conveyor in the direction desired. Disengage the tractive drive before towing.



Manual



Hydraulic (Optional)

FIG. 15 STEERING



FIG. 16 TRACTIVE DRIVE

9. Direct Connect Conveyors:

conveyor.

Direct connect conveyors are designed easily to attach together to form a conveyor of any length. Align for straightness and height. Install and move the pin over-center

Slide the channel into the bracket and secure with the over-center pin and chain.

10. **Unloading Conveyor:** A Stinger(s) can be mounted to a conveyor for unloading trucks. Potatoes are unloaded into the Stinger and the Stinger conveys them into the



FIG. 17 CONNECTING CONVEYOR

FIG. 18 UNLOADING CONVEYOR

11. Drop Height:

Potatoes are sensitive to bruising during the gathering, transporting and handling phases of harvesting. Bruising is kept to a minimum by maintaining a full flow of potatoes through each machine and minimizing all drop heights. Bruising during the conveying phase can be minimized by keeping the drop height between each piece of conveying equipment as small as possible. Use the ratchet jacks on each end of the conveyor to set the height. Use 2 men (one on each jack) when setting the height of an end to prevent frame twisting.



Working



Straight



12. Operating Hints:

- a. Be sure that all workers and operators are supplied with and use the required safety gear.
- b. Keep the working area clean and dry to prevent slipping and tripping.
- c. Train all operators before starting. An untrained operator is not qualified to operate this machine and can expose himself and others to needless hazards.
- d. Secure all pieces of equipment together to prevent unexpected movement and separation.
- e. Keep the Conveyor as full as possible to minimize bruising during the unloading process.
- f. Set the height of each end of the Conveyor so the drop height to the adjacent piece of equipment is at a minimum to prevent bruising.

FIG. 19 DROP HEIGHT



FIG. 20 OPERATING SYSTEM

4.9 TRANSPORT

TRANSPORT SAFETY

- Make certain that you are in compliance with local, state/provincial and federal regulations regarding transporting agricultural equipment on public roadways.
- Make certain that all wheels and tires are in good repair and that tires are inflated to proper pressure. Do not underinflate or overinflate.
- Make certain that all wheel bolts/lug nuts are tightened to proper torque specifications (refer to specification chart in Section 7.2).
- Fully retract all telescoping Conveyor section and secure before transporting.
- Make certain that all mechanical locks and integral anchor chains are safely and positively connected before loading or transporting.
- Raise and secure all jack stands if applicable.
- Wrap up and bind to the frame all loose hydraulic and electrical ends.

- Be sure that any necessary SMV (slow moving vehicle) signs, reflectors and lights required by law are in proper place and are clearly visible to oncoming and overtaking traffic.
- Be sure that the Conveyor is positively hitched to the towing vehicle. Use a safety chain to assure a safe hitch hook-up when transporting.
- Adhere to local regulations regarding maximum weight, width and length.
- Do not exceed 20 MPH (32 Km/H). Reduce speed on rough roads and surfaces.
- Do not allow anyone to ride on the Conveyor or towing vehicle during transport.
- Always use hazard flashers on the towing vehicle when transporting.

Mayo Conveyors are designed to be easily and conveniently moved from location to location. The term moving is used to describe the action of moving the machine manually and is covered in Section 4.9 Operating. Transporting is used to describe when the machine is being towed by a tractor or other power unit. When transporting, follow this procedure:

- 1. Disconnect and remove all auxiliary equipment from the Conveyor and position so the tractor can back up to the front of the machine.
- 2. Compress the Conveyor to its shortest length if telescoping conveyor.
- 3. Attach the frame transport lock to prevent frame extension.



FIG. 21 TRANSPORT LOCK (TELESCOPING)

4. Attach and secure the solid frame tow hitch or extend it into working position.



Solid Frame Tow Hitch



FIG. 22 MACHINE PREPARATION



FIG. 23 STEERING CYLINDERS

5. Install the wheel anchor rod so the wheels won't inadvertently turn during transport.

6. If equipped with the optional hydraulic steering, disconnect the steering cylinder.

7. If equipped with the optional traction drive, disengage drive by moving control bracket away from wheel and securing with anchor pin.



FIG. 24 TRACTIVE DRIVE

- 8. If equipped with an optional Stinger, center the Stinger behind the conveyor and secure using the anchor bracket.
- 9. Place all controls in the OFF or neutral position.
- 10. Turn the power OFF at the master panel and lock out.
- 11. Unplug and remove the power cord.
- 12. Attach the tow hitch to the tractor. Be sure to use a mechanical retainer through the drawbar pin.
- 13. Attach a safety chain between the hitch and the drawbar cage to prevent unexpected separation.
- 14. Install an SMV on the rear frame.
- 15. Use pilot vehicles or install extra lights on the machine when transporting.
- 16. Clean all the reflectors.
- 17. Be sure all bystanders are clear of the machine.
- Keep to the right and yield the right-of-way to allow faster traffic to pass. Drive on the road shoulder, if permitted by law.
- 19. Make sure the SMV (Slow Moving Vehicle) emblem and all the lights and reflectors that are required by the local highway and transport authorities are in place, are clean and can be seen clearly by all overtaking and oncoming traffic.
- 20. It is not recommended that the machine be transported faster than 15 mph (25 km/hr). Table 1 gives the acceptable transport speed as the ratio of tractor weight to Conveyor weight.



FIG. 25 STINGER ANCHOR BRACKET

Road Speed	Weight of fully equipped or loaded implement(s) relative to weight of tow- ing machine
Up to 25 km/h (15 mph)	1 to 1, or less
Up to 16 km/h (10 mph)	2 to 1, or less
Do not tow	More than 2 to 1



- 21. Do not allow riders on the machine or tractor.
- 22. Always use hazard flashers on the tractor when transporting unless prohibited by law.

4.10 STORAGE



- Store the Straight Conveyor on a firm level surface.
- If required, make sure the unit is firmly blocked up.
- Make certain that all mechanical locks are safely and positively connected before storing.
- Store away from areas of human activity.
- Do not allow children to play on or around the stored Conveyor.
- Lock out power by turning off master control panel or junction box and padlocking the door shut to prevent electrocution or unauthorized start up of the Conveyor.

4.10.1 PLACING IN STORAGE

At the end of the season, the machine should be thoroughly inspected and prepared for storage. Repair or replace any worn or damaged components to prevent any unnecessary down time at the beginning of the next season. Follow this procedure:

- 1. Turn the power OFF at the master electrical panel and lock out.
- 2. Unplug and remove power cord from machine.
- 3. Thoroughly wash the machine using a pressure washer to remove all dirt, mud, debris or residue.
- 4. Lubricate all grease fittings. Make sure all grease cavities have been filled with grease to remove any water residue from the washing.
- 5. Inspect all the electrical cords, lines, junction boxes and motors. Tighten any loose connections. Replace any cord that is badly cut, nicked or abraded. Replace any damaged components.
- 6. Inspect each conveyor belt. Realign if the belt is not tracking in the center of the frame. Replace if the edges are damaged from rubbing on the frame. Properly tension each belt.
- Inspect all the hydraulic hoses, lines, fittings and cylinders. Tighten any loose fittings. Replace any hose that is badly cut, nicked, abraded or separating from a fitting. Replace any damaged components.

- 8. Check all rotating parts for entangled material. Remove.
- 9. Touch up all paint nicks and scratches to prevent rusting.
- 10. Select a storage area that is dry, level and free of debris.
- 11. Cover with a weather-proof tarpaulin and tie down if stored outside.

4.10.2 REMOVING FROM STORAGE

When preparing to use the machine at the start of the season, follow this procedure:

- 1. Remove the tarpaulin if covered.
- 2. Transport or move to the working area.
- 3. Check
 - a. Check hydraulic oil level.
 - b. Conveyor belts and drive systems, hydraulic and oil levels.
 - c. All hardware. Tighten as required.
 - d. Air pressure in tires. Add as required.
- 4. Replace any defective components.
- 5. Go through the pre-operation checklist (Section 4.6) before starting.

5 SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE

MAINTENANCE SAFETY

- Read and understand all the information contained in the Operator's Manual regarding operating, servicing, adjusting, maintaining and repairing.
- Turn machine OFF, shut down and lock out power supply (safety lockout devices are available through your Mayo dealer parts department), relieve hydraulic pressure and wait for all moving parts to stop before servicing, adjusting, maintaining or repairing.
- Follow good shop practices:
 - Keep service area clean and dry.
 - Be sure electrical outlets and tools are properly grounded.
 - Use adequate light for the job at hand.
- Make sure all guards and doors are in place and properly secured when operating the Conveyor.
- Do not work on Conveyor electrical system unless the power cord is unplugged or the power supply is locked out. Lock-out tag-out power source before performing any maintenance work.

5.1 SERVICE

5.1.1 FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS

1. Grease:

Use an SAE multi-purpose high temperature grease with extreme pressure (EP) performance meeting or exceeding the NLGI #2 rating for all requirements.

2. Speed Reducer Gear Box Lubricant:

Use a Mobil Glygoyle synthetic lubricant 150 VG 460 or equivalent.

Capacities: 1 qt (1 liter) each gear box.

3. Hydraulic Oil:

Use Mobil DTE FM 32 or equivalent.

Reservoir Capacity: 1 US Gals, 3.78 liters.

4. Storing Lubricants:

Your machine can operate at top efficiency only if clean lubricants are used. Use clean containers to handle all lubricants. Store them in an area protected from dust, moisture and other contaminants.

MAYO MFG. RECOMMENDS THE FOLLOWING MOBIL PRODUCTS OR THEIR EQUIVALENTS								
Lubricant Type	Component	Specification	Recommended Lubricant	Recommended Temperature / Service Interval				
Hydraulic Oil	Hydraulic Reservoir	ISO 32, Synthetic Food Grade, NSF-H1	Mobil SHC Cibus 32	All Temperatures/Oil sample guidance or 12 months				
Tryundune on	Hydraulic Reservoir	ISO 32, Food Grade, NSF-H1	Mobil DTE FM 32	10F to 140F/Oil sample guidance or 12 months				
Grease	Greased Bearings/ Points	Food Grade	Mobilgrease FM 222					
Grease	Greased Bearings/ Points	Non-Food	Mobilgrease XHP 222	All/Weekly or as needed				
	Winsmith Worm Gear Reducer	Poly Alkylene Glycol (PAG) ISO 460 NSF H1	Mobil Glygoyle 460	All/See Manual Note: Do not Substitute				
Gear Oil	Browning Helical Gear Reducer	Synthetic, PAO Type ISO 220 NSF H1	Mobil SHC 630 or Mobil SHC Cibus 220 (NSF H1)	All/Change Every Two Years				
	Auburn Planetary Wheel Drives	SAE GL-5 75w90	Mobil Delvac Synthetic 75w90	All/Change Every Two Years				

5.1.1.1 RECOMMENDED LUBRICANTS

5.1.1.2 NEW OIL SPECIFICATIONS

Reducer lubricant: Mobil Glygoyle 460

5.1.1.3 NEW OIL SPECIFICATIONS

Hydraulic Oil: Mobil DTE FM 32

5.1.2 GREASING

Refer to Section 5.1.1.1 for recommended lubricants. Use the Maintenance Checklist provide to keep a record of all scheduled maintenance.

- 1. Use only a hand-held grease gun for all greasing. Air powered greasing systems can damage the seals on bearings and lead to early bearing failure.
- 2. Wipe grease fitting with a clean cloth before greasing to avoid injecting dirt and grit.
- 3. Replace and repair broken fittings immediately.
- 4. If a fitting will not take grease, remove and clean thoroughly. Also clean lubricant passageway. Replace fitting if necessary.

5. Conveyor Bearings:

Only sealed bearings are used on the Conveyor. Sealed bearings should never be greased more often than weekly or every 50 hours. Do not overgrease. Do not give bearing more than 1 shot of grease each time it is greased. Once the bearing seal is broken, the bearing must be greased each day or the bearing will fail.

5.1.3 SERVICING INTERVALS

8 Hours or Daily

1. Check the conveyor tension and alignment. Tension or align as required.



Adjustment

FIG. 26 TENSION/ALIGNMENT

2. Inspect electrical system and all components.

Weekly or 50 Hours

1. Grease Conveyor shaft bearings with 1 shot of grease.

IMPORTANT

Only sealed bearings are used on the conveyor bearings. Sealed bearings should never be greased more often than weekly or every 50 hours. Do not over-grease. Do not give bearing more than 1 shot of grease each time it is greased. Once the bearing seal is broken, the bearing must be greased each day or the bearing will fail.

- a. Telescoping model, drive and driven shafts (2 locations each shaft).
- b. Direct Connect Conveyor drive and driven shafts (2 locations each shaft).



FIG. 27 CONVEYOR SHAFTS (TYPICAL)



FIG. 28 DIRECT CONNECT CONVEYOR SHAFTS

100 Hours or Annually

1. Check the oil level in the optional hydraulic system (1 location).



FIG. 29 OPTIONAL HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

2. Grease the steering system pivots (4 locations).



Left



FIG. 30 STEERING SYSTEM

3. Grease the ratchet jack tubes (2 locations each jack).



FIG. 31 RATCHET JACK (TYPICAL)

4. Check the oil level in each speed reducing gear box in the drive systems (1 location each gear box).



Straight



Telescoping - Top



Telescoping - Bottom

FIG. 32 LEVEL PLUG (TYPICAL)



FIG. 33 GEARBOX SCHEMATIC (TYPICAL)

500 Hours or Annually

- 1. Change the oil in each gearbox.
- 2. Clean each gearbox breather plug.



Straight



Telescoping - Top



Telescoping - Bottom

FIG. 34 BREATHER PLUG (TYPICAL)



FIG. 35 WHEELS (TYPICAL)

3. Repack each wheel bearing.

5.1.4 SERVICE RECORD

See Lubrication and Maintenance sections for details of service. Copy this page to continue record.

ACTION CODE:	CK	CHECK	СН	CHANGE	CL	CLEAN
	LU	LUBRICATE	RE	REPACK	IN	INSPECT

Maintenance

Hours												
Serviced by												
8 Hours or Daily												
CK Conveyor Tension and Alignment												
IN Electrical System and Components												
50 Hours or Weekly												
LU Conveyor Shaft Bearings												
100 hours or Annually												
CK Hydraulic Oil Level												
LU Steering System Pivots												
LU Ratchet Tube Jacks												
CK Gearbox Oil Levels												
500 Hours or Annually												
CH Gearbox Oil												
CL Gearbox Breather Plug												
RE Wheel Bearings												

5.2 MAINTENANCE

By following a careful service and maintenance program on your machine, you will enjoy many years of trouble-free use.

5.2.1 HYDRAULIC SYSTEM INSPECTION

A hydraulic system provides power to move the machine. The system consists of an electrically powered pump, reservoir, lines, hoses, directional valves, motors and cylinders. To maintain the integrity of the system and provide a safe working environment for the operator, it is important that a daily inspection be done to make sure that the entire system and all components are in good working condition.

When inspecting the hydraulic system and components, follow this procedure:

- 1. Place all controls in the OFF or neutral position.
- 2. Turn power OFF at the master panel and lock-out before starting the inspection.
- 3. Inspect all hydraulic components looking for:
 - a. Leaks.
 - b. Damaged hoses or lines.
 - c. Damaged or leaking cylinders.
 - d. Leaking motors or fittings.
 - e. Damaged or leaking solenoid and directional valves.
 - f. Leaking pump or fittings.
- 4. Tighten any leaking fittings and replace any damaged components.
- 5. Change the hydraulic oil and filter every 500 hours or annually per the Service schedule. Change more frequently if operating in harsh conditions such as extreme heat or cold, extreme dust or dirt, and/or extreme humidity.

5.2.2 ELECTRIC SYSTEM INSPECTION

Electricity provides power to all systems on the Conveyor. To maintain the integrity of each system and provide a safe working environment for the operator, it is important that a daily inspection be done to make sure that all systems and components are in good working condition. To provide a safe working environment, have a licensed electrician provide power to the machine.

When inspecting the electrical system and components, follow this procedure:

- 1. Place all controls in the OFF or neutral position.
- 2. Turn power OFF at the master panel and lock-out before starting the inspection.
- 3. Inspect all electrical components looking for:

IMPORTANT

Do not operate the machine unless the master panel is equipped with a lock-out device. Always engage lock-out device before performing any maintenance work. Lock-out devices are available from your dealer or the factory.

- a. Physical damage. (Includes all components: starters, switches, enclosures, as well as plugs).
- b. Frayed or loose wires.
- c. Cut or cracked insulation.
- 4. Replace any damaged components immediately.
- 5. Be sure all components are grounded.
- 6. Be sure there is not water or moisture in any junction box or enclosure. Dry the components before turning power on. Be sure that all compartments seal properly when closed.

5.2.3 ELECTRIC MOTOR RESTART

Two types of electrical starting systems have been used on the equipment and restart procedure for each system is covered in this section. It is recommended that only a licensed electrician perform maintenance work on the electrical system.

All electric motors are supplied with power through an individual circuit that includes a circuit breaker, switch, contactor and overload relay that are all incorporated into a single electrical component inside the control panel. The contactor is the main connecting device for power to the motor. If the current is greater than the adjustable dial of the relay, the relay will trip and cut off power to the coil of the contactor. When this happens, the contactor dial will move to a new position and indicates the cause of the overload. It must be reset before the motor can be restarted.

When a motor will not start:

- 1. Depress the red OFF button.
- 2. Depress the green ON button.
- 3. If the motor will not start, turn machine OFF and lock out power at the master control panel before opening the control panel.
- 4. Reset the contactor dial to the ON contactor open position.
- 5. Close and secure the panel door and turn the power to the machine ON.
- 6. If the motor still will not start you have one of the following conditions:
 - a. The motor is hot and must cool a period of time before attempting to restart.

NOTE

If your conveyor utilizes single phase motors, chances are good that the motor has a thermal overload located on the electrical junction box of the motor itself. If this is the case then, fully depress the reset button to make certain that the overload circuit is closed.

- b. The overload is adjusted incorrectly for the amperage of the motor and must be properly adjusted.
- c. The overload and/or contactor has fulfilled it's service life and is in need of replacement.



FIG. 36 MOTOR RESTART

- d. The motor is bad and needs replacing.
- e. An electrical short exists somewhere in the circuit.

5.2.4 SPEED REDUCER GEARBOX OIL

Each conveyor is driven by an electric motor that is attached to a high ratio speed reducing gearbox to give the required operating speed. Each gearbox is equipped with a drain, level and fill plug. Every 100 hours, the oil level should be checked. Every 500 operating hours or annually, whichever comes first, the oil should be replaced. Check more frequently if there are leaks around any of the plugs or shaft seals. When checking oil level or changing oil, follow this procedure. Reducer lubricant: Mobil Glygoyle 460.

- 1. Run the conveyor(s) until the gearbox is warm. Warm oil will remove more contaminants than cold stagnate oil.
- 2. Stop the Conveyor(s).
- 3. Place all controls in their OFF or neutral position.
- 4. Turn the power OFF at the master panel and lock-out.

5. Checking oil level:

- a. When the gearbox is cold, remove the level plug from the side of the gearbox.
- b. When the oil just fills the threads of the level plug, it is at the correct level.
- c. Add oil through the fill plug as required.
- d. Install and tighten level and fill plugs.

6. Changing oil:

- a. Place a container under the drain plug.
- b. Remove the drain.
- c. Allow 10 minutes to drain.
- d. Install and tighten the drain plug.

NOTE

It may be necessary to add teflon tape or pipe sealant to the drain plug prior to installation to prevent leaking.

- e. Remove the level and fill plugs.
- f. Add approximately 1 qt (1 liter) of Mobil Glygoyle 460 or equivalent. Use the level plug to determine the proper amount of oil.
- g. Check that the air passage through the breather is open.
- h. Install and tighten the fill and level plugs.
- i. Dispose of the used oil in an environmentally safe manner.



Straight



Telescoping - Top



Telescoping - Bottom

FIG. 37 LEVEL PLUG (TYPICAL)



FIG. 38 GEARBOX SCHEMATIC (TYPICAL)

Reducer lubricant: Mobil Glygoyle 460

5.2.5 BREATHER CLEANING

Each gearbox is equipped with a breather in the fill plug that vents the internal pressure to atmosphere. As the gearbox temperature increases and decreases during the operating and stopped modes, the pressure in the gearbox will increase or decrease if it is not vented to atmosphere. An increase in internal pressure will cause the shaft seals to leak until the gearbox runs low on or out of oil. To check on or clean the breather, follow this procedure:

- 1. Place all controls in their OFF or neutral position.
- 2. Turn the power OFF at the master panel and lock-out.
- 3. Remove the fill plug/breather from the gearbox.
- 4. Check that the vent passage through the plug is open.
- 5. If plugged, soak in a solvent over night.
- 6. Use a high-pressure air hose to blow the passage open. Use a probe to clear the passage if the hole is caked with dirt.
- 7. Install and tighten the breather plug.

IMPORTANT

Always clean the breather if any leaks are noticed around shafts.



Straight



Telescoping





5.2.6 CONVEYOR TENSION/ALIGNMENT OR REPLACEMENT

Rubber belts or potato chains can be used to move potatoes with the Conveyor. The tension and alignment of the conveyors should be checked daily to insure proper function. Replace the conveyor when damaged or badly worn. To maintain conveyor, follow this procedure:

- 1. Place all controls in their OFF or neutral position.
- 2. Turn the power OFF at the master panel and lock-out.
- 3. Tension:
 - a. **Conveyor belts:** They are tensioned correctly when the belt does not slip when belt is started or during normal operation. Do not over-tighten.
 - b. Conveyor chain: They are tensioned correctly when there is a 3 to 4 inch (75 to 100 mm) sag between the guide rollers on the bottom or slack side of the conveyor during operation.



Upper Conveyor



Direct



Adjustor (Typical)

FIG. 40 BELT TENSION ADJUSTING (TYPICAL)

4. Alignment:

- a. **Conveyor belts:** They are properly aligned when the belt runs in the center of the frame panels and the shafts. Be sure to run the conveyor a full revolution to check the entire belt. the belt can move from side-to-side while it is turning as long as it doesn't contact the sides. If it contacts the sides, it must be aligned. Align by loosening the shaft bearing assembly on the tight side or tightening the bearing assembly on the loose side. Move the bearing assemblies on either the drive or driven shafts to align the conveyor but always maintain the proper tension.
- b. **Conveyor chain:** They are properly aligned when the chain links center on the drive sprockets. If the links run on the side of the sprockets, align the chain. Align by loosening the shaft bearing assembly on the tight side or tightening the bearing assembly on the loose side. Move the bearing assemblies on either the drive or driven shafts but always maintain the proper tension.



Straight



FIG. 41 ALIGNMENT (TYPICAL)



FIG. 42 BELT CONNECTOR (TYPICAL)

g. Check the tension and alignment of the conveyor frequently during the first 10 hours of operation and set as required. Then, go to the regular maintenance schedule. Normally a conveyor will seat itself during the first 10 hours of operation and then require less adjustment.

5. Replacement:

- a. Move one or both of the shafts into their loosest position.
- b. Open the conveyor by splitting the links on the chain type or removing the connecting rod on the belt type.
- c. Attach the replacement conveyor to the end of the old conveyor belt/chain.
- d. Slowly pull the old conveyor out of the machine and thread the new one into position.
- e. Disconnect the old conveyor and connect the ends of the new one together.
- f. Move the shaft into position to set the tension of the conveyor and secure the bearing assemblies.

6 TROUBLE SHOOTING

The Mayo Conveyor uses a straight or telescoping deisgn to convey potatoes. It is a simple and reliable system that requires minimum maintenance.

In the following section, we have listed many of the problems, causes and solutions to the problems that you may encounter.

If you encounter a problem that is difficult to solve, even after having read through this trouble shooting section, please contact your local Mayo dealer or the factory. Before you call, please have this Operator's Manual from your machine ready.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
System won't run.	No power.	Turn power ON at master panel.
	Tripped motor starter.	Reset motor starter (See Section 5.2.3).
Conveyor won't run.	No power.	Turn conveyor ON.
	Sheared motor key.	Replace key.
	Sheared reducer key.	Replace key.
	Binding.	Align conveyor.

7 SPECIFICATIONS

7.1 MECHANICAL

7.1.1 STRAIGHT CONVEYORS

Straight conveyor physical dimensions, power specifications & wheel/tire configurations vary substantially for each machine.

Please contact factory at 1-218-773-1234 or 1-800-223-5873 for your machines particular specifications.

SPECIFICATIONS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

7.1.2 UNLOADING CONVEYOR

DIMENSIONS	30" W/one Stinger	30" W/two Stingers	36" W/one Stinger	36" W/two Stingers
Length:	36'0"	35'0"	36'0"	35'0"
Width:	7'9"	16'0"	7'9"	16'0"
Height:	83"	83"	83"	83"
Weight:				
POWER				
Туре:	1 ph, 230v, 34A 3 ph, 230v, 20.8A 3 ph, 460v, 9.9A	1 ph, 230v, 42A 3 ph, 230v, 26.1A 3 ph, 460v, 12.4A	1 ph, 230v, 34A 3 ph, 230v, 20.8A 3 ph, 460v, 9.9A	1 ph, 230v, 42A 3 ph, 230v, 26.1A 3 ph, 460v, 12.4A
Main Conveyor:	3 hj	0		3 hp
Stinger/s:	2 hj	D		2 hp
Hydraulic Pump:		o, 1 hp o, 3 hp		2 hp, 1 hp 2 hp, 3 hp

SPECIFICATIONS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

7.2 BOLT TORQUE

CHECKING BOLT TORQUE

The tables shown below give correct torque values for various bolts and capscrews. Tighten all bolts to the torques specified in chart unless otherwise noted. Check tightness of bolts periodically, using bolt torque chart as a guide. Replace hardware with the same strength bolt.

Bolt			Bolt To	orque*			
Diameter "A"	-	E 2 (lb-ft)	SA (N.m)	-	SAE 8 (N.m) (Ib-ft)		
1/4"	8	6	12	9	17	12	
5/16"	13	10	25	19	36	27	
3/8"	27	20	45	33	63	45	
7/16"	41	30	72	53	100	75	
1/2"	61	45	110	80	155	115	
9/16"	95	60	155	115	220	165	
5/8"	128	95	215	160	305	220	
3/4"	225	165	390	290	540	400	
7/8"	230	170	570	420	880	650	
1"	345	225	850	630	1320	970	

ENGLISH TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

Bolt		Bolt To	orque*			
Diameter "A"	-	.8 (Ib-ft)	-).9 (lb-ft)		
M3	.5	.4	1.8	1.3		
M4	3	2.2	4.5	3.3		
M5	6	4	9	7		
M6	10	7	15	11		
M8	25	18	35	26		
M10	50	37	70	52		
M12	90	66	125	92		
M14	140	103	200	148		
M16	225	166	310	229		
M20	435	321	610	450		
M24	750	553	1050	774		
M30	1495	1103	2100	1550		
M36	2600	1917	3675	2710		



Torque figures indicated above are valid for non-greased or non-oiled threads and heads unless otherwise specified. Therefore, do not grease or oil bolts or capscrews unless otherwise specified in this manual. When using locking elements, increase torque values by 5%.

* Torque value for bolts and capscrews are identified by their head markings.

7.3 ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC

Line phasing, line voltage, control voltage, and accessory options can vary substantially for each machine.

Please contact factory at 1-800-223-5873 for your machine's specific electrical layout.

7.4 LUBRICANT SPECIFICATIONS

MAYO MFG. RECOMMENDS THE FOLLOWING MOBIL PRODUCTS OR THEIR EQUIVALENTS									
Lubricant Type	Component	Specification	Recommended Lubricant	Recommended Temperature / Service Interval					
Hydraulic Oil	Hydraulic Reservoir	ISO 32, Synthetic Food Grade, NSF-H1	Mobil SHC Cibus 32	All Temperatures/Oil sample guidance or 12 months					
	Hydraulic Reservoir	ISO 32, Food Grade, NSF-H1	Mobil DTE FM 32	10F to 140F/Oil sample guidance or 12 months					
Grease	Greased Bearings/ Points	Food Grade	Mobilgrease FM 222	All/Weekly or as needed					
Grease	Greased Bearings/ Points	Non-Food	Mobilgrease XHP 222	Ally weekly of as needed					
	Winsmith Worm Gear Reducer	Poly Alkylene Glycol (PAG) ISO 460 NSF H1	Mobil Glygoyle 460	All/See Manual Note: Do not Substitute					
Gear Oil	Browning Helical Gear Reducer	Synthetic, PAO Type ISO 220 NSF H1	Mobil SHC 630 or Mobil SHC Cibus 220 (NSF H1)	All/Change Every Two Years					
	Auburn Planetary Wheel Drives	SAE GL-5 75w90	Mobil Delvac Synthetic 75w90	All/Change Every Two Years					

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MAYO MANUFACTURING CO.

BUS HIGHWAY 2 BOX 497 EAST GRAND FORKS, MN 56721

PHONE (218) 773-1234 TOLL FREE (800) 223-5873 FAX (218) 773-6693

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